

Registered Name:	Trucker's Flash For Fantasy	Owner:	Sanna Koponen
Nickname:	Fleda	Country:	Finland
Registration ID:	ER47009/19	Testing date:	2019/10/28
Microchip:	985141000998228		Identified with standard
Breed:	Cirneco dell'Etna	identification profile:	ISAG 2006 markers
Gender:	Male	prome.	

Dog's identity verified from microchip or tattoo by veterinarian or other authorised person during sample taking: Yes

Test results for pharmacogenetics

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Multi-Drug Resistance 1, (MDR1)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear

On behalf of Genoscoper Laboratories,

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 Gender:
 Male
 Male

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Test results - Traits - page 1

Coat Type

Trait	Genotype	Description
Coat Length	L/L	The dog is likely to have short-haired coat.
Furnishings / Improper Coat in Portuguese Water Dogs (marker test)	GG/CC	The dog is not genetically likely to express furnishings.
<i>KRT71</i> c.451C>T (p.Arg151Trp)	C/C	The dog does not carry any copies of the tested allele causing curly coat. The dog most likely has non-curly hair.
<i>MC5R</i> c.237A>T	T/T	The dog has two copies of the allele associated with low shedding. The dog is likely average or low shedder.
SGK3 (p.Val96Glyfs)	1/1	The dog does not carry the tested hairlessness allele of the American Hairless Terrier.

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Test results - Traits - page 2

Coat Colour

Trait	Genotype	Description
Colour Locus E - Extensions	e/e	The dog has recessive red coat colour.
Colour Locus B - Brown	b/b	The dog is likely to have brown pigment.
Colour Locus K - Dominant Black	ky/ky	The dog is likely to express the coat colour defined by the colour locus A.
Colour Locus A - Agouti	ay/ay	The dog is genetically sable.
Colour Locus S - Piebald or extreme white spotting	S/S	The dog is likely to have solid coat colour with minimal white.
Colour Locus H - Harlequin	h/h	The dog doesn't have harlequin pattern.
Dilution (d ² allele)	D/D	The dog does not carry any copies of the rare d2 allele associated with dilution in Chow Chow, French Bulldog, Sloughi and Thai Ridgeback.
Merle (M allele)	m/m	The dog is genetically non-merle and does not carry a <i>SILV</i> gene SINE insertion.
Saddle Tan (<i>RALY</i> gene dupl.)	-/-	The dog may have saddle tan pattern if it has also tan point genotype at the A locus.
Albinism (c ^{aL} -allele)	C/C	The dog does not carry the tested mutation for albinism.

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Test results - Traits - page 3

Body Size

Trait	Genotype	Description
<i>IGF1</i> (chr15:41221438)	G/G	The dog is homozygous for the ancestral allele typically associated with large body mass.
<i>IGF1R</i> c.611G>A (p.Arg204His)	A/G	The dog carries one copy of the derived allele and one copy of the ancestral allele.
<i>ACSL4</i> chrX.82919525C>T	C/C	The dog doesn't have the allele associated with large skeletal size and heavy muscling with considerable back fat thickness.
IGSF1 p.Asp768Glu	C/C	The dog doesn't have the allele associated with heavy muscling
IRS4 chrX:82296039	G/G	The dog doesn't have the allele associated with large body size.
FGF4 insertion	D/D	The dog is homozygous for the ancient allele. The dog is likely to have legs of normal length.
STC2 (chr4:39182836)	T/T	The dog has two copies of the ancestral allele associated with larger body size.
GHR1 (p.Glu191Lys)	G/G	The dog has two copies of the ancestral allele associated with larger body size.
GHR2 (p.Pro177Leu)	C/C	The dog has two copies of the ancestral allele associated with larger body size.
<i>HMGA2</i> (chr10:8348804)	A/G	Your dog carries one copy of the derived allele and one copy of the ancestral allele. The dog may have a bit smaller size.

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Test results - Traits - page 4

Morphology

Trait	Genotype	Description
<i>BMP3</i> c.1344C>A (p.Phe448Leu)	C/C	The dog does not carry the tested allele typically associated with shortened head (brachycephaly). The dog is more likely to have an elongated head (dolichocephaly).
SMOC2	D/D	The dog does not carry the tested allele typically associated with shortened head (brachycephaly). The dog is more likely to have an elongated head (dolichocephaly).
chr10:11072007	T/T	The dog does not carry an allele typically associated with floppy ears. The dog is more likely to have pricked than floppy ears.
<i>T</i> c.189C>G (p.lle63Met)	C/C	The dog does not carry the tested bobtail-causing genetic variant. The dog is most likely long-tailed.
<i>EPAS1</i> (p.Gly305Ser)	G/G	The dog does not carry the tested variant associated with adaptation to high altitudes.
LIMBR1 DC-1	G/G	The dog does not carry the tested allele associated with hind dewclaws in Asian breeds. The dog is not likely to have hind dewclaws.
LIMBR1 DC-2	A/G	The dog carries one copy of the allele associated with hind dewclaws in western breeds. About 50% of the dogs with this genotype have hind dewclaws.
AXL4	D/D	The dog does not have the tested allele typically associated with blue eyes in Siberian Huskies. The dog is likely to have brown eyes.

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Blood Disorders - page 1

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Bleeding disorder due to P2RY12 defect	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Cyclic Neutropenia, Cyclic Hematopoiesis, Grey Collie Syndrome, (CN)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Leukocyte Adhesion Deficiency (CLAD), type III	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Scott Syndrome, (CSS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Factor IX Deficiency or Hemophilia B; mutation Gly379Glu	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor IX Deficiency or Hemophilia B; mutation originally found in Airedale Terrier	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor IX Deficiency or Hemophilia B; mutation originally found in Lhasa Apso	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor VII Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Factor VIII Deficiency or Hemophilia A; mutation originally found in Boxer	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor VIII Deficiency or Hemophilia A; mutation originally found in German Shepherd Dog	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor VIII Deficiency or Hemophilia A; mutation originally found in Old English Sheepdog	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor VIII Deficiency or Hemophilia A; p.Cys548Tyr mutation originally found in German Shepherd	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor XI Deficiency	Autosomal Dominant (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
Familial Congenital Methemoglobinemia; mutation originally found in Pomeranian	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia Type I, (GT); mutation originally found in Pyrenean Mountain Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia Type I, (GT); mutation originally found in mixed breed dogs	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hereditary Elliptocytosis		Clear
Hereditary Phosphofructokinase (PFK) Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Macrothrombocytopenia; disease-linked variant originally found in Norfolk and Cairn Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
May-Hegglin Anomaly (MHA)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Prekallikrein Deficiency		



Blood Disorders - page 2

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency; mutation originally found in Basenji	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency; mutation originally found in Beagle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency; mutation originally found in Pug	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency; mutation originally found in West Highland White Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Thrombopathia; mutation originally found in Basset Hound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Thrombopathia; mutation originally found in Eskimo Spitz	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Thrombopathia; mutation originally found in Landseer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Trapped Neutrophil Syndrome, (TNS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Von Willebrand's Disease (vWD) Type 1	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Von Willebrand's Disease (vWD) Type 2	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Von Willebrand's Disease (vWD) Type 3; mutation originally found in Kooikerhondje	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Von Willebrand's Disease (vWD) Type 3; mutation originally found in Scottish Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Von Willebrand's Disease (vWD) Type 3; mutation originally found in Shetland Sheepdog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Ocular Disorders - page 1

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 1, (CMR1); mutation originally found in Mastiff-related breeds	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 2, (CMR2); mutation originally found in Coton de Tulear	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 3, (CMR3); mutation originally found in Lapponian Herder	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone Degeneration, (CD) or Achromatopsia; mutation originally found in Alaskan Malamute	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone Degeneration, (CD) or Achromatopsia; mutation originally found in German Shepherd Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone Degeneration, (CD) or Achromatopsia; mutation originally found in German Shorthaired Pointer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone-Rod Dystrophy 1, (crd1); mutation originally found in American Staffordshire Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone-Rod Dystrophy 2, (crd2); mutation originally found in American Pit Bull Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone-Rod Dystrophy, (cord1-PRA / crd4)	Autosomal Recessive (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
Cone-Rod Dystrophy, Standard Wirehaired Dachshund, (crd SWD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Congenital Eye Disease; mutation originally found in Irish Soft-Coated Wheaten Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Dominant Progressive Retinal Atrophy, (DPRA)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Early Retinal Degeneration, (erd); mutation originally found in Norwegian Elkhound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Generalized Progressive Retinal Atrophy	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1, (GR_PRA 1)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 2, (GR_PRA 2)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Hereditary Cataract, (PHC); mutation originally found in Australian Shepherd	Autosomal Dominant (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
Primary Lens Luxation, (PLL)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Open Angle Glaucoma, (POAG); mutation originally found in Basset Fauve de Bretagne	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Open Angle Glaucoma, (POAG); mutation originally found in Beagle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Open Angle Glaucoma, (POAG); mutation originally found in Norwegian Elkhound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Ocular Disorders - page 2

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Primary Open Angle Glaucoma, (POAG); mutation originally found in Petit Basset Griffon Vendeen	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary lens luxation (PLL) and glaucoma; mutation originally found in Shar Pei	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Retinal Atrophy (PRA4); mutation originally found in Lhasa Apso	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Retinal Atrophy Type III, (PRA type III); mutation originally found in Tibetan Spaniel and Tibetan Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Retinal Atrophy, (CNGA1-PRA); mutation originally found in Shetland Sheepdog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Retinal Atrophy, (PAP1_PRA); mutation originally found in Papillon and Phalene	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Retinal Atrophy, (PRA); mutation originally found in Basenji	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Retinal Atrophy, (PRA); mutation originally found in Swedish Vallhund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Rod-Cone Dysplasia 1, (rcd1); mutation originally found in Irish Setter	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Rod-Cone Dysplasia 1a, (rdc1a); mutation originally found in Sloughi	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Rod-Cone Dysplasia 3, (rcd3)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1, (XLPRA1)	X-linked Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Progressive Retinal Atrophy 2, (XLPRA2; Type A PRA)	X-linked Recessive	Clear

Cardiac Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Dilated Cardiomyopathy, (DCM); mutation originally found in Schnauzer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Long QT Syndrome	Autosomal Dominant	Clear



Endocrine Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Congenital Hypothyroidism; mutation originally found in Tenterfield Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Congenital Hypothyroidism; mutation originally found in Toy Fox and Rat Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear

Immunological Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Autosomal Recessive Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, (ARSCID)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Complement 3 (C3) Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Myeloperoxidase Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Severe Combined Immunodeficiency in Frisian Water Dogs, (SCID)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (XSCID); mutation originally found in Basset Hound	X-linked Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (XSCID); mutation originally found in Cardigan Welsh Corgi	X-linked Recessive	Clear



Renal Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
2,8-Dihydroxyadenine (2,8-DHA) urolithiasis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cystinuria Type I-A; mutation originally found in Newfoundland Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cystinuria Type II-A; mutation originally found in Australian Cattle Dog	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Familial Nephropathy (FN); mutation originally found in English Cocker Spaniel	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Familial Nephropathy (FN); mutation originally found in English Springer Spaniel	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Fanconi Syndrome	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hyperuricosuria, (HUU)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Polycystic Kidney Disease in Bull Terriers, (BTPKD)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Primary Hyperoxaluria, (PH); mutation originally found in Coton de Tulear	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Protein Losing Nephropathy, (PLN); NPHS1 gene variant		Clear
Renal Cystadenocarcinoma and Nodular Dermatofibrosis, (RCND)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
X-Linked Hereditary Nephropathy, (XLHN)	X-linked Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Hereditary Nephropathy, (XLHN); mutation originally found in Navasota Dog	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Xanthinuria, Type 1a; mutation originally found in mixed breed dogs	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Xanthinuria, Type 2a; mutation originally found in Toy Manchester Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Xanthinuria, Type 2b; mutation originally found in Cavalier King Charles Spaniel and English Cocker Spaniel	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Metabolic Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Glycogen Storage Disease Type II or Pompe's Disease, (GSD II)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glycogen Storage Disease Type Illa, (GSD Illa)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ia, (GSD Ia)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hypocatalasia or Acatalasemia	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Intestinal Cobalamin Malabsorption or Imerslund-Gräsbeck Syndrome, (IGS); mutation originally found in Beagle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Intestinal Cobalamin Malabsorption or Imerslund-Gräsbeck Syndrome, (IGS); mutation originally found in Border Collie	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA, (MPS IIIA); mutation originally found in Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA, (MPS IIIA); mutation originally found in New Zealand Huntaway	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII, (MPS VII); mutation originally found in Brazilian Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII, (MPS VII); mutation originally found in German Shepherd	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Phosphatase 1 (PDP1) Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Muscular Disorders

Mode of Inheritance	Result
X-linked Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-linked Recessive	Clear
X-linked Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-linked Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-linked Recessive	Clear
	X-linked RecessiveAutosomal RecessiveAutosomal RecessiveX-linked RecessiveX-linked RecessiveAutosomal Recessive



Neurological Disorders - page 1

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Acral Mutilation Syndrome, (AMS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Alaskan Husky Encephalopathy, (AHE)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Alexander Disease (AxD); mutation originally found in Labrador Retriever	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Bandera's Neonatal Ataxia, (BNAt)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Benign Familial Juvenile Epilepsy or Remitting Focal Epilepsy	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cerebellar Cortical Degeneration, (CCD); mutation originally found in Vizsla	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cerebral Dysfunction; mutation originally found in Friesian Stabyhoun	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Dandy-Walker-Like Malformation (DWLM); mutation originally found in Eurasier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Degenerative Myelopathy, (DM; SOD1A)	Autosomal Recessive (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
Early-Onset Progressive Polyneuropathy; mutation originally found in Alaskan Malamute	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Early-Onset Progressive Polyneuropathy; mutation originally found in Greyhound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Fetal Onset Neuroaxonal Dystrophy, (FNAD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hereditary Ataxia or Cerebellar Ataxia; mutation originally found in Old English Sheepdog and Gordon Setter	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hereditary Ataxia; mutation originally found in in Norwegian Buhund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hyperekplexia or Startle Disease	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hypomyelination; mutation originally found in Weimaraner	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy, (JME); mutation originally found in Rhodesian Ridgeback	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Juvenile encephalopathy; mutation originally found in Parson Russell Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
L-2-Hydroxyglutaric aciduria, (L2HGA); mutation originally found in Staffordshire Bull Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
L-2-Hydroxyglutaric aciduria, (L2HGA); mutation originally found in West Highland White Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Lagotto Storage Disease, (LSD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Neurological Disorders - page 2

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Neonatal Cerebellar Cortical Degeneration or Cerebellar Abiotrophy, (NCCD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neonatal Encephalopathy with Seizures, (NEWS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuroaxonal Dystrophy (NAD); mutation originally found in Spanish Water Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuroaxonal Dystrophy, (NAD); mutation originally found in Papillon	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 1, (NCL1); mutation originally found in Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 10, (NCL10); mutation originally found in American Bulldog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 4A, (NCL4); mutation originally found in American Staffordshire Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 5, (NCL5); mutation originally found in Border Collie	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, (NCL8); mutation originally found in Alpine Dachsbracke	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, (NCL8); mutation originally found in Australian Shepherd	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, (NCL8); mutation originally found in English Setter	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, (NCL7); mutation originally found in Chinese Crested Dog and Chihuahua	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Polyneuropathy with ocular abnormalities and neuronal vacuolation, (POANV); mutation originally found in Black Russian Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive Early-Onset Cerebellar Ataxia; mutation originally found in Finnish Hound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Sensory Neuropathy; mutation originally found in Border Collie	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Shaking Puppy Spongiform LeucoEncephaloMyelopathy, (SLEM); mutation originally found in Border Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Myokymia and/or Seizures (SCA)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Spinocerebellar Ataxia/ Late-Onset Ataxia (SCA, LOA)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Spongy Degeneration with Cerebellar Ataxia, (SDCA1); mutation originally found in Belgian Shepherd Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Spongy Degeneration with Cerebellar Ataxia, (SDCA2); mutation originally found in Belgian Shepherd Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Tremors; mutation originally found in English Springer Spaniel	X-linked Recessive	Clear



Neuromuscular Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome (CMS); mutation originally found in Labrador Retriever	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, (CMS); mutation originally found in Jack Russell Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, (CMS); mutation originally found in Old Danish Pointing Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Exercise-Induced Collapse, (EIC)	Autosomal Recessive (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
GM1 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Alaskan Husky	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM1 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Portuguese Water Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM1 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Shiba Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM2 Gangliosidosis, mutation originally found in Japanese Chin	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM2 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Toy Poodle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy or Krabbe Disease, (GLD); mutation originally found in Irish Setter	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy or Krabbe Disease, (GLD); mutation originally found in Terriers	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Paroxysmal Dyskinesia, (PxD); mutation originally found in Irish Soft Coated Wheaten Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Skeletal Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Chondrodysplasia; mutation originally found in Norwegian Elkhound and Karelian Bear Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cleft Palate; Cleft Lip and Palate with Syndactyly; ADAMTS20 gene mutation originally found in Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cleft Palate; DLX6 gene mutation originally found in Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Craniomandibular Osteopathy, (CMO); mutation associated with terrier breeds	Autosomal Dominant (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
Hereditary Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets, (HVDRR)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Oculoskeletal Dysplasia 2 or Dwarfism-Retinal Dysplasia 2, (OSD2)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Osteochondrodysplasia; mutation originally found in Miniature Poodle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Osteochondromatosis; mutation originally found in American Staffordshire Terrier	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, (OI); mutation originally found in Beagle	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, (OI); mutation originally found in Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Skeletal Disease (Hypophosphatasia); mutation originally found in Karelian Bear Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Skeletal Dysplasia 2, (SD2)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Spondylocostal Dysostosis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Van den Ende-Gupta Syndrome, (VDEGS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Dermal Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa; mutation originally found in Central Asian Ovcharka	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa; mutation originally found in Golden Retriever	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Epidermolytic Hyperkeratosis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Focal Non-Epidermolytic Palmoplantar Keratoderma, (FNEPPK); mutation originally found in Dogue de Bordeaux	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Golden Retriever Ichthyosis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hereditary Footpad Hyperkeratosis, (HFH)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hereditary Nasal Parakeratosis, (HNPK); mutation originally found in Greyhound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Ichthyosis; mutation originally found in American Bulldog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Ichthyosis; mutation originally found in Great Dane	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Lamellar Ichthyosis, (LI)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Lethal Acrodermatitis, (LAD); mutation originally found in in Bull Terrier and Miniature Bull Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Ligneous Membranitis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Musladin-Lueke syndrome, (MLS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Ectodermal Dysplasia, (XHED)	X-linked Recessive	Clear



Other Disorders

Disorder	Mode of Inheritance	Result
Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome, (ARDS); mutation originally found in Dalmatian	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Amelogenesis Imperfecta, (AI); mutation originally found in Italian Greyhound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Amelogenesis Imperfecta, (AI); mutation originally found in Parson Russell Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Congenital Keratoconjunctivitis Sicca and Ichthyosiform Dermatosis, (CKCSID)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Dental Hypomineralisation; mutation originally found in Border Collie	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Lung Developmental Disease; mutation originally found in in Airedale Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Narcolepsy; mutation originally found in Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Narcolepsy; mutation originally found in Doberman Pinscher	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Narcolepsy; mutation originally found in Labrador Retriever	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Persistent Müllerian Duct Syndrome, (PMDS); mutation originally found in Miniature Schnauzer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia, (PCD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



APPENDIX Explanation of the results of the tested disorders

Autosomal recessive inheritance (ARI)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Carrier - A dog carries one copy of the tested mutation. Carriers typically have a normal, healthy appearance but pass on the mutation to approximately 50% of their offspring.

At risk - A dog carries two copies of the tested mutation and is at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

Autosomal dominant inheritance (ADI)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

At risk - A dog carries one or two copies of the tested mutation and is at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

X-linked recessive inheritance (X-linked)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Carrier - Female carriers typically have a normal, healthy appearance but carry one copy of the tested mutation on one of their X chromosomes. As males only have one X chromosome, there are no male carriers.

At risk - Female dogs at risk carry two mutated copies of the tested mutation. Males carry one copy of the tested mutation on their single X chromosome. Dogs at risk are at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

Please note that the descriptions above are generalized based on typically observed inheritance patterns. When obtaining a 'carrier' or 'at risk' test result, always refer to the corresponding online test documentation for more detailed information on the condition and any exceptions.

Genoscoper Laboratories - Legal Notice

Genoscoper Laboratories' services and test results are produced based on samples and materials supplied by the Client. Testing and analysis is performed by using methods and processes that Genoscoper Laboratories deems appropriate. Genoscoper Laboratories reserves the right to make changes in the collection of the single-gene tests included in the testing service as well as to remove results derived from them, if new information comes available that in any way questions the validity of the test results. Results provided by Genoscoper Laboratories are prepared solely for the use of the Client. For further information, please visit: www.mydogdna.com/legal-notices

Registered Name: Trucker's Flash For Fantasy 15/8/2020 ID 8700 3696 7442 Nickname: Fleda Registration ID: ER47009/19 Microchip: 985141000998228 Breed: Cirneco dell'Etna Gender: Male Owner: Sanna Koponen Country: Finland Testing date: 28/10/2019 DNA identification profile: Identified with standard ISAG 2006 markers Dog's identity verified from microchip or tattoo by veterinarian or other authorised person during sample taking: Yes **Certificate of DNA Identification Profile**
 INU055
 INU030
 INU005
 FH2848
 AMELOGENIN
 AHT137
 REN54P11

 210/218
 144/150
 110/126
 230/240
 Y/X
 131/147
 226/228
 REN64E19 REN247M23 REN169O18 REN169D01 INU055 INU030 149/153 268/268 162/170 216/216 131/147 226/228
 CXX279
 AHTK253
 AHTH260
 AHTH171
 AHTH130

 118/126
 288/288
 246/248
 219/233
 119/119
 REN162C04 REN105LO3 INRA21 FH2054 AHTK211 AHT121 204/204 241/241 95/99 148/168 89/91 96/102 On behalf of Genoscoper Laboratories, fonas Domeir SIGNATURE PROVIDED BY GENOSCOPER LABORATORIES Jonas Donner, PhD, Head of Research and Development at Genoscoper Laboratories PO Box. 1040 FI-00251 Helsinki | info@genoscoper.com